


# JINGHUAN SHANG

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## Education

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**Stony Brook University, NY, USA**

**2018 – Present**

Ph.D. Candidate in Computer Science, GPA: 3.98/4, Advisor: Prof. Michael S. Ryoo

**Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai, China**

**2014 – 2018**

B.S. in Computer Science, IEEE Pilot Class

## Research Interest

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I am interested in creating autonomous system via imitation learning and reinforcement learning. My current research focuses on visual and sequence representation learning for robotics, with a concentration on leaning from multiple viewpoints and multiple visual modalities.

## Selected Publications

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1. **Shang, J.**, Das, S. & Ryoo, M. S. *Learning Viewpoint-Agnostic Visual Representations by Recovering Tokens in 3D Space* in *Proceedings of Conference on Neural Information Processing Systems (NeurIPS)* (2022).
2. Li, X., **Shang, J.**, Das, S. & Ryoo, M. S. *Does Self-supervised Learning Really Improve Reinforcement Learning from Pixels?* in *Proceedings of Conference on Neural Information Processing Systems (NeurIPS)* (2022).
3. Burgert, R., **Shang, J.**, Li, X. & Ryoo, M. S. *Neural Neural Textures Make Sim2Real Consistent* in *Conference on Robot Learning (CoRL)* (2022).
4. **Shang, J.**, Li Xiang and Kahatapitiya, K., Lee, Y.-C. & Ryoo, M. S. *StARformer: Transformer with State-Action-Reward Representations for Robot Learning*. *IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence* (2022).
5. **Shang, J.**, Kahatapitiya, K., Li, X. & Ryoo, M. S. *StARformer: Transformer with State-Action-Reward Representations for Visual Reinforcement Learning* in *European Conference on Computer Vision (ECCV)* (2022).
6. **Shang, J.** & Ryoo, M. S. *Self-Supervised Disentangled Representation Learning for Third-Person Imitation Learning* in *IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS)* (2021).

## Research Experience

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**Research Intern, Motional AD Inc**

**Aug 2022 – Present**

Trajectory Prediction

**Research Assistant, Stony Brook University**

**May 2020 – Present**

Visual and Sequence Representation Learning for Robotics

- Viewpoint-agnostic representation learning using Transformer [1][\[Visual\]](#)[\[Viewpoint\]](#)[\[Transformer\]](#)

- \* Proposed 3DTRL, a learnable, differentiable layer that learns viewpoint-agnostic representations from monocular 2D image input.
- \* It improves tasks including image recognition, multi-view video alignment and action recognition.
- \* It is a light-weighted, plug-and-play module that achieves improvements with minimal (2% computation and 4% parameters) overhead than Transformer backbone.
- Transformer for visual reinforcement learning and imitation learning [5] [\[Visual\]](#)[\[Sequence\]](#)[\[Transformer\]](#)
  - \* Adopted Transformers architecture for reinforcement learning tasks under a sequence modeling formulation.
  - \* Proposed StARformer, which models local representations explicitly from strongly related state, action, and reward tokens, and uses local representations for sequence prediction.
  - \* Results showed performance improvements over the existed Transformer-based method by over 70%, in both offline-RL and imitation learning.
  - \* StARformer is also highlighted for better modeling longer trajectories than the existed method.
  - \* StARformer outperforms the baseline by 10% – 30% in offline evaluations and ~ 100% in real-world evaluation on a human-following task.
- Third-person imitation learning for egocentric tasks [6] [\[Visual\]](#)[\[Viewpoint\]](#)
  - \* Developed customized egocentric task environments in Minecraft (navigation) and in PyBullet (manipulation).
  - \* Introduced dual auto-encoders for learning joint FPV-TPV visual representation.
  - \* Explicitly split vector representations for disentangling agent state and third-person viewpoint representations.
  - \* Introduced representation permutation loss to train representations to be disentangled.
  - \* Results show the learned representations lead to better policies for both TPV and FPV imitation.

## Professional Activities

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**Reviewer:** CVPR2022, ECCV2022

**Guest Talk:** Google Inc. (2022, Transformer for Robot Learning), CSE527 Introduction to Computer Vision (Fall 2021, graduate level), CSE525 Introduction to Robotics (Spring 2022, 2021, graduate level)

**Teaching Assistant:** CSE548 Analysis of Algorithms (Spring 2019, graduate level), CSE564 Visualization (Spring 2020, graduate level), CSE101 Computer Science Principles (Fall 2018)

## Honors and Awards

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- NeurIPS 2022 Scholar Award 2022
- Merit Scholarship, Stony Brook University 2018-2019
- Outstanding Graduate of Colleges and Universities in Shanghai, China (Top 5%) 2018
- 1st Prize in China Undergraduate Mathematical Contest in Modeling 2017
- Academic Excellence Scholarship of SJTU (Top 20%) 2015, 2016, 2017

## Technical Skills

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**Competitive Programming:** [\[My LeetCode\]](#) Ranked 9/54 in SBU ACM ICBC Selection Contest, 2020

**Programming Languages:** [\[My Github\]](#) Python, Java, C/C++, Go, JavaScript

**Technologies/Frameworks:** PyTorch, Linux, Git, Tensorflow, Unity3D